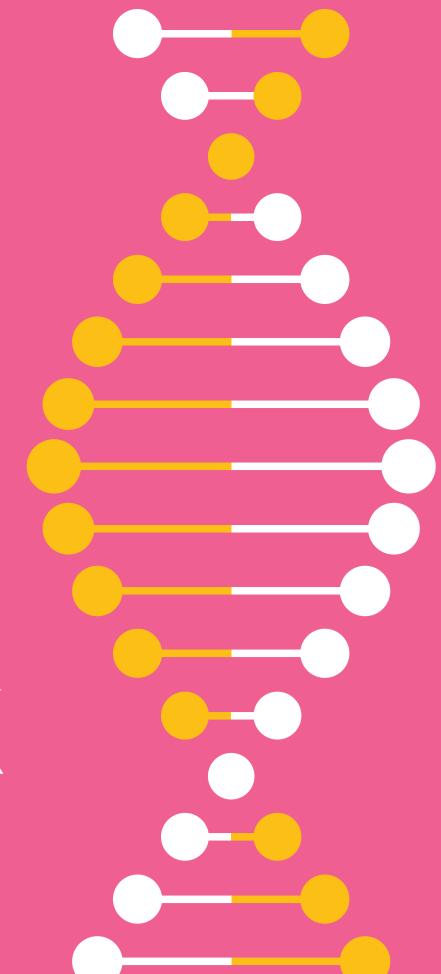
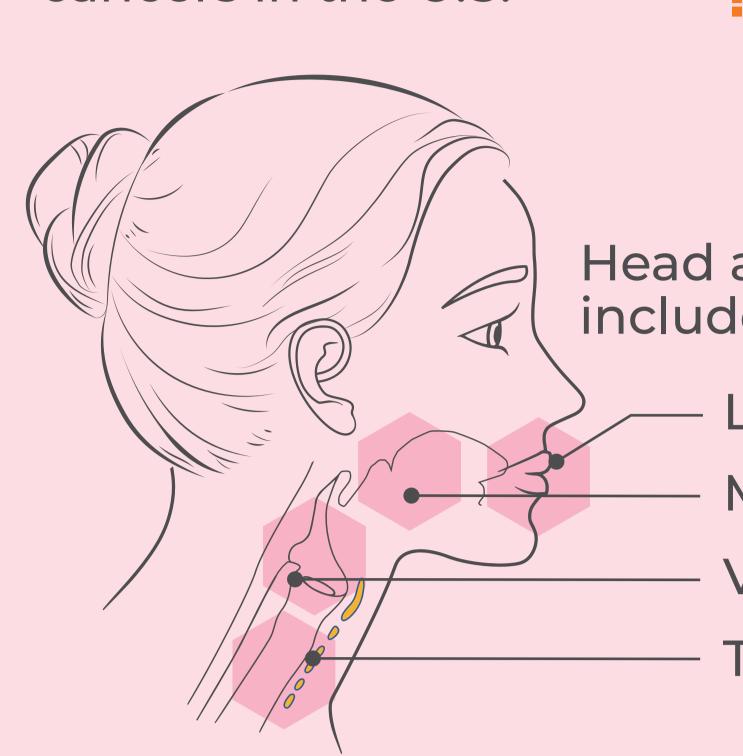
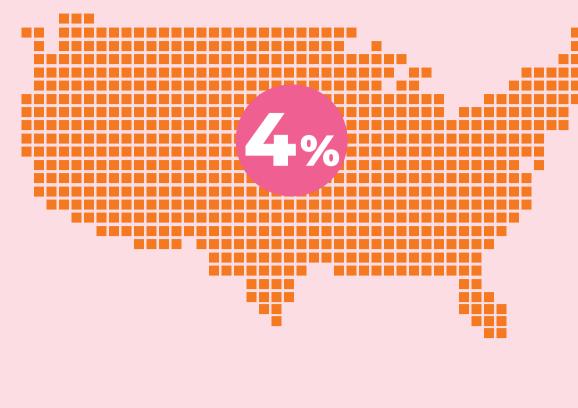
# Genomics, Mutations and Treatment Options for

# Head and Neck CANCER



Head and neck cancers account for about 4% of cancers in the U.S.





Head and neck cancers include cancers in the: Lips

Mouth

Voice box

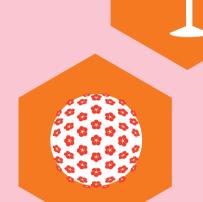
Throat

## Risk factors for head and neck cancer include:



drinking alcohol

smoking or other tobacco use



human papillomavirus (HPV) infection

About 70% of oropharyngeal cancers, one type of head and neck cancer, are caused by HPV. Oropharynx -



#### back of the throat, including the

base of the tongue and tonsils

Did you know? The HPV vaccine

protects against the strains of HPV that cause oropharyngeal cancer.

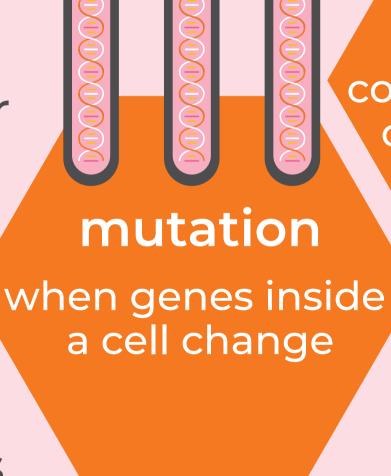
### and genetics All cancers begin when genes inside a cell mutate or change.

- Cancer usually comes from multiple mutations over a lifetime, not a single one.
- genetic changes in cancer cells. This study is called cancer genomics. The study of head and

Researchers are studying

is geared toward finding more effective treatments. approach

neck cancer genomics



comparing the DNA of cancer cells to normal cells

cancer

genomics

#### Thanks to genomics, innovative treatments for head and neck cancer are being developed. These include:

to treatment

Precision medicine the use of targeted therapies immunotherapy for a person's specific head activating the and neck cancer immune system to attack cancer cells

Immunotherapy – treatments that activate the immune system to attack head and neck cancer cells

### Early detection is key to surviving

head and neck cancer.

a mouth sore that

a lump in the neck,

- Look for:
- jaw or mouth pain or weakness in
- the face
- neck pain

won't heal

- difficulty moving the jaw difficulty swallowing

- speech problems

ear pain or hearing loss

a sore throat that

trouble breathing

- doesn't go away
- white or red patches in the mouth or throat
- weight loss

This resource was created with support from Merck.