

Navigating Health Insurance for Nasal Polyps

How to get the treatment you need covered by health insurance

Getting health insurance to cover treatment

Health insurance coverage varies, so you always need to check your policy for specifics. Health insurers may require you to meet certain criteria or conditions, such as:



Medical necessity

Showing that nasal polyps are harming your health.



Step therapy

Trying the least expensive treatments first and showing that they didn't work.

For example, you may have to try steroids before you can get a biologic drug or approval for surgery.



Prior authorization

Getting approval for certain treatments, services or prescriptions to be covered by insurance. Approval is usually based on medical necessity, safety and cost. Your healthcare provider (HCP) will submit the prior authorization request.



Other conditions

You may only be able to get approval for a biologic drug if you meet certain conditions, like you're also taking a steroid.

Potential pitfalls

Your health plan may not cover nasal polyp treatment for the following reasons:



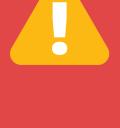
They don't believe treatment is medically necessary

You may have to show you have struggled with symptoms for at least 12 weeks.



You haven't tried other medicines and failed to get better They may make you try certain approaches first (such as

steroids) before they'll approve other approaches, such as surgery or other medications (such as biologics).



They believe the treatment is cosmetic

Make sure the request for coverage focuses on the impact of polyps on your breathing or other health issues.

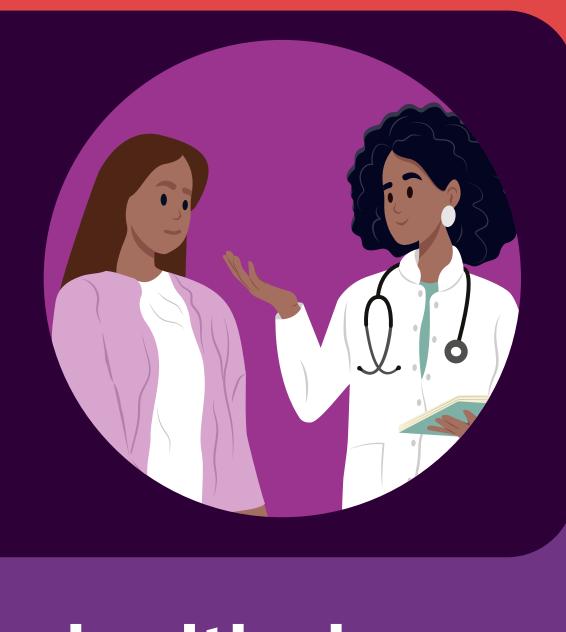


Your surgeon or facility is not in network

You will likely have to see a participating HCP for your health plan to cover surgery

Don't give up

Health insurers often deny the first request for approval. If you need treatment for a medical reason, don't give up. You may win if you work with your healthcare provider to file an appeal with more evidence about why you need it.



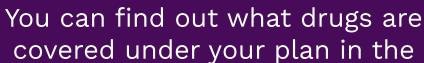
What to look for in your health plan



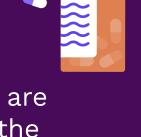
coinsurance Check the cost-sharing rules on your plan. You may pay a flat fee (copay) or a

Copayments and

percentage of the total cost (coinsurance) of treatment. If you have a deductible, you may have to meet the deductible before your insurance will start paying.



Covered drugs



preferred drug list or "formulary." It will show you what you have to pay out of pocket for the medications.



Prior authorization and other rules Make sure you understand which

drugs or services require approval

from your health plan. Have your

HCP help you request approval.

Check the list of participating providers in your area.

Provider network

healthywomen